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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/622,569	07/21/2003	Takashi Sasaki	3673-0153P	4795
2292 7	590 02/24/2004	EXAMINER		
	VART KOLASCH &	GORDON, RAEANN		
PO BOX 747 FALLS CHUR	CH, VA 22040-0747	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
. 340		3711		

DATE MAILED: 02/24/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/622,569	9	SASAKI ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit			
		Raeann G	orden	3711			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status 1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 J	lulv 2003		·			
2a)□	· · · · <u> </u>		non-final				
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected.	•					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election re	quirement.				
Application	on Papers						
9)[] 7	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.					
10)□ Т	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accep	oted or b)	objected to by the Exan	niner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the			` '			
11)∐ Т	he proposed drawing correction filed on			ved by the Examiner	•		
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)⊠ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>7-</u> .			(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamagishi et al (5,967,908) in view of Yamagishi et al (5,779,563). In regards to claim 1, Yamagishi '908 discloses a golf ball comprising a core and a cover. Applicant claims the cover of the instant invention has at least 10% or more dimples with a B/T ratio less than 0.70. Applicant defines B as the difference between the cover layer thickness and the depth of the dimple. T is defined as the thickness of the cover. Table 3, dimple set I of Yamagishi discloses a B value of 0.325 mm. Since the cover may be 0.5 mm (fig 1), the difference is 0.5 mm – 0.175 mm = 0.325 mm or B. The thickness of the cover or T is 0.5 mm. Therefore the B/T value is 0.65. The quantity of the dimples with a B/T of 0.65 is 276 or 70%. Yamagishi discloses the cover material is not limited and may be made from any well known cover stocks. Yamagish does not disclose polyurethane as an option. However, Yamagishi '563 teaches a cover layer made from a thermoplastic polyurethane elastomer. In regards to claim 3, over 70% of the dimples in dimple set I have a B/T ratio of 0.65 or less, which is less than the mean of 0.86

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claimed by applicant. In regards to claim 4, the cover is harder than the intermediate layer (fig 1). See table 4, examples 2 and 3 where the cover hardness is at least 5 units higher than the intermediate layer. In regards to claim 5, the Shore D hardness of the intermediate layer is from 53 to 60 (fig 1). One of ordinary skill in the art would have modified the cover material for increased durability.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-5 provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-5 of copending Application No. 10/373,100 in view of Yamagishi et al (5,779,563). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the present invention and the '100 application claim identical features except the polyurethane cover. However, Yamagishi teaches a three piece golf ball comprising

a polyurethane cover. One of ordinary skill in the art would have included a polyurethane cover to increase the durability.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raeann Gorden whose telephone number is 703-308-8354. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Greg Vidovich can be reached on 703-308-1513. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Rg February 20, 2004